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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:35:42 ON 05 JUL 2005)

FILE 'BIOSIS, CAPLUS, EMBASE, MEDLINE, CANCERLIT, JAPIO' ENTERED AT  
14:36:07 ON 05 JUL 2005

L1 10033 S (FATTY ACID BINDING PROTEIN)  
L2 2295890 S LIVER?  
L3 3280 S L1 AND LIVER?  
L4 596 S L3 AND HEART?  
L5 130 S L4 AND KIDNEY?  
L6 58 DUPLICATE REMOVE L5 (72 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L7 3 S L6 AND REVIEW?

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ANSWER 2 OF 3 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN

AN 1991:144028 BIOSIS

DN PREV199140063633; BR40:63633

TI STRUCTURAL AND FUNCTIONAL FEATURES OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF CYTOPLASMIC  
**FATTY ACID-BINDING PROTEINS.**

AU VEERKAMP J H [Reprint author]; PEETERS R A; MAATMAN R G H J

CS DEP BIOCHEM, UNIV NIGMEGEN, PO BOX 9101, 6500 HB NIJMEGEN, NETH

SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, (1991) Vol. 1081, No. 1, pp. 1-24.  
 CODEN: BBACAQ. ISSN: 0006-3002.

DT Article

FS BR

LA ENGLISH

ED Entered STN: 23 Mar 1991  
 Last Updated on STN: 23 Mar 1991

CC Cytology - Animal 02506  
 Comparative biochemistry 10010  
 Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids 10064  
 Biochemistry studies - Lipids 10066  
 Biophysics - Molecular properties and macromolecules 10506  
 Digestive system - Physiology and biochemistry 14004  
 Cardiovascular system - Physiology and biochemistry 14504  
 Urinary system - Physiology and biochemistry 15504  
 Muscle - Physiology and biochemistry 17504  
 Bones, joints, fasciae, connective and adipose tissue - Physiology and  
 biochemistry 18004  
 Development and Embryology - Morphogenesis 25508

IT Major Concepts  
 Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics; Cardiovascular System (Transport  
 and Circulation); Cell Biology; Development; Digestive System  
 (Ingestion and Assimilation); Muscular System (Movement and Support);  
 Skeletal System (Movement and Support); Urinary System (Chemical  
 Coordination and Homeostasis)

IT Miscellaneous Descriptors  
**REVIEW** HUMAN RAT MOUSE CATTLE RABBIT PIG RETINOL MYELIN P2  
 TISSUE-SPECIFIC EXPRESSION DIFFERENTIATION **LIVER**  
**HEART** MUSCLE **KIDNEY** ADIPOCYTE

ORGN Classifier  
 Bovidae 85715  
 Super Taxa  
 Artiodactyla; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Artiodactyls, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates,  
 Nonhuman Mammals, Vertebrates

ORGN Classifier  
 Suidae 85740  
 Super Taxa  
 Artiodactyla; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Artiodactyls, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates,  
 Nonhuman Mammals, Vertebrates

ORGN Classifier  
 Leporidae 86040  
 Super Taxa  
 Lagomorpha; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Chordates, Lagomorphs, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman  
 Mammals, Vertebrates

ORGN Classifier  
 Hominidae 86215  
 Super Taxa  
 Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates

ORGN Classifier

Muridae 86375

Super Taxa

Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia

Taxa Notes

Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals,

Rodents, Vertebrates

RN 68-26-8 (RETINOL)

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AN 2005:165847 BIOSIS

DN PREV200500165041

TI **Fatty acid-binding proteins** as plasma markers of tissue injury.

AU Pelsers, Maurice M. A. L. [Reprint Author]; Hermens, Wim T.; Glatz, Jan F. C.

CS CARIMDept Mol Genet, Maastricht Univ, POB 616, NL-6200 MD, Maastricht, Netherlands  
maurice.pelsers@gen.unimaas.nl

SO Clinica Chimica Acta, (February 2005) Vol. 352, No. 1-2, pp. 15-35. print. ISSN: 0009-8981 (ISSN print).

DT Article  
General Review; (Literature Review)

LA English

ED Entered STN: 27 Apr 2005  
Last Updated on STN: 27 Apr 2005

AB Background: One of the novel and promising plasma markers for detection of tissue injury is the family of 15 kDa cytoplasmic **fatty acid-binding proteins** of which various tissue-specific types occur. Aims and Objectives: The present status of **heart-type fatty acid-binding protein** (H-FABP) as a diagnostic and prognostic marker for acute and chronic cardiac injury, as well as the preliminary diagnostic use of other types of FABP for detecting injury in other organs, is **reviewed**. Methods: This **review** is based on an overview of the literature on clinical diagnostics of various forms of organ injury, and uses additional literature on physiological aspects relevant for the interpretation of plasma marker concentrations. Results: H-FABP not only proves to be an excellent early marker for cardiac injury in acute coronary syndromes, but also allows detection of minor myocardial injury in **heart** failure and unstable angina. Preliminary results indicate that sensitivity, rule-out power and prognostic value of H-FABP in cardiac injury surpass the performance of the standard early marker myoglobin. The **liver** only contains **liver-type** FABP (L-FABP), but co-expression of H-FABP and L-FABP occurs in the **kidney**. Similarly, intestinal-type FABP (I-FABP) and L-FABP are found in intestines, and brain-type FABP (B-FABP) and H-FABP occur in the brain. Preliminary but promising applications of these proteins have been demonstrated for **liver** rejection, viability selection of **kidneys** from non-**heart**-beating donors (NHBD), inflammatory and ischemic bowel disease, traumatic brain injury and in the prevention of muscle injury in trained athletes. Conclusions: Further study of the diagnostic and prognostic use of various FABP types is warranted, but their clinical application will require further commercialization of automated and rapid assays. Copyright 2004 Elsevier B.V All rights reserved.

CC Clinical biochemistry - General methods and applications 10006  
Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids 10064  
Biochemistry studies - Porphyrins and bile pigments 10065  
Pathology - Diagnostic 12504  
Digestive system - Physiology and biochemistry 14004  
Digestive system - Pathology 14006  
Cardiovascular system - Physiology and biochemistry 14504  
Cardiovascular system - Heart pathology 14506  
Cardiovascular system - Blood vessel pathology 14508  
Blood - Blood and lymph studies 15002  
Blood - Blood cell studies 15004  
Urinary system - Physiology and biochemistry 15504  
Muscle - Physiology and biochemistry 17504  
Muscle - Pathology 17506  
Bones, joints, fasciae, connective and adipose tissue - Pathology 18006  
Nervous system - Physiology and biochemistry 20504

Nervous system - Pathology 20506

Gerontology 24500

Pediatrics 25000

IT Major Concepts

Cardiovascular Medicine (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Clinical Chemistry (Allied Medical Sciences); Gastroenterology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Neurology (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences); Orthopedics (Human Medicine, Medical Sciences)

IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms

brain: nervous system; cytoplasm; **heart**: circulatory system; **kidney**: excretory system; **liver**: digestive system; myocardium: circulatory system, muscular system; plasma: blood and lymphatics; serum: blood and lymphatics; skeletal muscle: muscular system; small intestine: digestive system; urine: excretory system; whole blood: blood and lymphatics

IT Diseases

congestive **heart** failure: **heart** disease, diagnosis

**Heart** Failure, Congestive (MeSH)

IT Diseases

intestinal injury: digestive system disease, injury, diagnosis

IT Diseases

ischemic bowel disease: digestive system disease, vascular disease, diagnosis

IT Diseases

**liver** injury: digestive system disease, injury, diagnosis

IT Diseases

myocardial infarction: **heart** disease, vascular disease, diagnosis

Myocardial Infarction (MeSH)

IT Diseases

skeletal muscle injury: injury, muscle disease, diagnosis, prevention and control

IT Diseases

traumatic brain injury: injury, nervous system disease, diagnosis

Brain Injuries (MeSH)

IT Diseases

unstable angina: **heart** disease, vascular disease, diagnosis

Angina, Unstable (MeSH)

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals

**fatty-acid binding protein**;

myoglobin

ORGN Classifier

Hominidae 86215

Super Taxa

Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia

Organism Name

human (common): adolescent, adult, aged, aged/80 and over, child,

infant, middle age, preadolescent child, female, male

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 Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates

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ORGN Classifier

Muridae 86375

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Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia

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CS CARIMDept Mol Genet, Maastricht Univ, POB 616, NL-6200 MD, Maastricht,  
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maurice.pelsers@gen.unimaas.nl

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Nervous system - Pathology 20506

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Pediatrics 25000

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